

Thesis Title Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry of Volatile Components of Some Local Fruits in Northern Thailand

Author Miss Chanthana Susaweangsup

Degree Master of Science (Chemistry)

Thesis Advisory Committee

Asst. Prof. Dr. Mongkon Rayanakorn Chairperson

Dr. Sunanta Wangkarn Member

ABSTRACT

Headspace solid-phase microextraction (SPME) coupled to gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS) was used for qualitative analysis of the volatile components of some local fruits in the northern part of Thailand, namely five longan species (biew-kheaw, chompoon, e-daw, e-haew and kahlok), two lychee species (gimjeng and jakkaput), Thai honey tangerine (sai-nampueng), three mango species (nam-dokmai, kaew petbanlad and kheaw-sawaey), strawberry and cantaloup. The fresh fruits were used as samples, and the appropriate SPME-GC-MS conditions giving good separation were obtained with the following parameters: extractions with SPME fibers coated with 100 μm polydimethylsiloxane (PDMS) and mixture of divinylbenzen/carboxen/polydimethylsiloxane (DVB/CAR/PDMS), the minimum equilibrium time and adsorption time were 20 and 20 minutes, respectively at room temperature, using the HP-5MS column, injector temperature and detector temperature at 250 °C and 230 °C, respectively, carrier gas flow rate of 1.0 ml/min and temperature

program at 50 °C (2 min) to 230 °C (4 min) with program rate at 5 °C/min. The volatile components were analyzed using a gas chromatograph-mass spectrometer. It was found that the main compounds (% peak area > 3.0%, evaluated from the sum of peak areas) were ethanol, ethylacetate and *cis*-ocimene for longan samples; ethyl acetate, myrcene, limonene and α -terinolene for lychee samples; β -myrcene, D-limonene and *cis*-ocimene for Thai honey tangerine samples; δ -3 carene, α -terpinene, *cis*-ocimene, α -terpinolene, trans-caryophyllene, α -humulene, ethyl butanoate and β -selinene for mango samples; methyl butyrate, 2-methyl butyl acetate, methyl hexanoate, hexyl acetate, (E)-2-hexenol acetate and trans-2-hexyl butyrate for strawberry samples; 2-methylpropyl acetate, butyl acetate, 1-butanol 2-mehtyl acetate, hexyl acetate and octyl acetate for cantaloup samples. Most of the volatile compounds detected in longan, lychee, Thai honey tangerine and mango samples were esters and terpenes. For strawberry and cantaloup samples, most of the compounds detected were esters.

ชื่อเรื่องวิทยานิพนธ์

แก๊สโครมาโทกราฟี-แมสสเปกไทรเมต์ของส่วนประกอบ
ระหว่างจ่ายในผลไม้ท้องถิ่นบางชนิดในภาคเหนือของประเทศไทย

សំណើយន

นางสาวจันทนา ฉุ่นเส่วงทรัพย์

ប្រើលូណា

วิทยาศาสตรมหาบัณฑิต (สาขาวิชาเคมี)

คณะกรรมการที่ปรึกษาวิทยานิพนธ์

ผศ.ดร.มงคล รายณะร

ประชานกรรมการ

ดร.สุนันทา วงศานต์

กรรมการ

បាក់ចុំ

ເອການອລ ເອທິດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ແລະ ຜິສ-ໂອໜີມືລ ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງລໍາໄຍ ເອທິດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ເມອຈິນ ລີໄມນີນ ແລະ ແອລຳພາ-ເທອຣ ໂນລຶ່ນ ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງລຶ່ນຈີ່ ແບດ້າ-ເມອຈິນ ດີ-ຄີໄມນີນ ແລະ ຜິສ-ໂອໜີມືລ ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງ ສັນສາຍນໍາຜົ່ງ ເຄດຕ້າ-3 ເກຣີນ ພັດທະນາພິນີນ ຜິສ-ໂອໜີມືລ ເອລຳພາ-ເທອພິໂນລຶ່ນ ທຣານ-ເກຣີໂອຟີລ ລຶ່ນ ເອລຳພາ-ຊີວຸງລຶ່ນ ເອທິດນິວາທາໂນເອທ ແລະ ແບດ້າ-ຊີລິນີນ ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງນະມ່ວງ ແມທິດບົວລົງເຮັດ 2-ແມທິດບົວລົງຂີດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ແມທິດເສກ້ະໂນເອທ ເຊກືດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ອື-2-ເສກ້ົ້ນອດ ລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ແລະ ທຣານ-2-ເສກ້ົ້ນບົວລົງເຮັດ ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງສຕຣອບເບອຣີ 2-ແມທິດໄພພິດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ບົວລົງລະຫູ້ເຕັກ 1-ບົວ ທານອດ 2-ແມທິດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ເຊກືດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ແລະ ອອກທິດລະຫູ້ເຕັກ ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງແກນຕາລູປ ກລຸ່ມສາຮ ຮະຫຍ່າຍທີ່ພົບປັນສ່ວນໃໝ່ໃນຕ້ວອຍ່າງພົດໄມ້ພວກ ດຳໄຢ ລຶ່ນຈີ່ ສັນສາຍນໍາຜົ່ງ ແລະນະມ່ວງ ເປັນເອສ ແຫວ່ງ ແລະເທອພື້ນ ສໍາຫັບຕ້ວອຍ່າງສຕຣອບເບອຣີແລະຕ້ວອຍ່າງແກນຕາລູປ ສາຮປະກອບສ່ວນໃໝ່ທີ່ພົບ ເປັນເອສເທວ່ງ



ຄິດສິກຮົນຫາວິທາລັຍເຊີຍໃໝ່
Copyright © by Chiang Mai University
All rights reserved